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VON CAPRIVI RESIGNS.

The German Chancellor Retires to Private Life.

ZU EULENBERG ALSO RETIRES.

The Crisis Brought About Through Differences on Socialist Repressive Measures. Report That the Emperor Has Called Prince Bismarck to the Chancellorship.

BERLIN, Oct. 27.—A great stir was caused in well informed quarters here yesterday afternoon by the receipt of a telegram from Cologne giving the substance of an article in the semi-official Cologne Gazette which stated that Chancellor Von Caprivi and Count Botho Zu Eulenberg, president of the Prussian council of ministers, had resigned. It is known that for some time past there has been considerable tension between the chancellor and Count Zu Eulenberg, owing to the former's views in regard to the measures to be submitted to the Reichstag for the repression of socialism. The chancellor is in favor of pursuing a moderate policy, while Count Zu Eulenberg believes in the adoption of radical measures to obtain the end sought. Throughout the evening the streets were thronged with excited crowds inquiring further news in regard to the ministerial crisis, intelligence of which had spread through the city with great rapidity. Only one newspaper published an edition, which was largely bought. It has been definitely learned that the chancellor resigned before a meeting of the representative statesmen of the federal states, which was held yesterday afternoon. This meeting showed the existence of great discord regarding the proposed anti-revolutionary bill. Count Zu Eulenberg thereupon resigned. Thus confronted with the double resignation Emperor William abandoned his proposed visit to Blankenburg, for which place he was to have arrived yesterday afternoon. The fact that the emperor had given up his trip was announced in the official Reichs-Zeitung, without explanation. The emperor has accepted the resignation of both Chancellor Von Caprivi and Count Zu Eulenberg. Such a startling announcement has taken the political world in Berlin entirely by surprise. Three months past the chancellor's adventures had been straining every nerve to keep his downfall well known, and though it may be less generally known, it can be no doubt that about a fortnight ago they had reason to believe that their object would be attained. But when Count Von Caprivi returned from Kissingen he had once more access to the emperor, from which he had been separated on a considerable time during the summer holidays, and the situation gradually changed. Caprivi explained his views to the emperor, and pointed out with so much energy the dangers of extreme measures, the repression of the socialists, which seemed to him to be a fresh era of internal conflict, that his arguments, for time or least, undoubtedly carried conviction. His friends and opponents are now stating that his opinions prevailed with the emperor, and that even Count Zu Eulenberg, the chief advocate of the violent measures, saw himself induced by his own immediate colleagues in the Prussian council.

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marck's most loyal friends think he has any chance of returning to office. Count Von Caprivi is said by his intimate friends to be glad to escape from the cares of the chancellorship. He often expressed a desire to retire to military life, and only remained in office from a sense of duty to his country. He will, in a few days, proceed to Geneva for his health.

The question of who will succeed Count Von Caprivi is the subject of general discussion everywhere. A rumor is in circulation that Dr. Johannes Miquel, Prussian minister of finance, will be appointed, but this report is declared on good authority to be unfounded. In addition to Dr. Miquel, both Count Zu Eulenberg and Dr. Von Bismarck, leader of the National Liberal party and governor of Hanover, are mentioned, but it is believed that the new chancellor will be a compromise candidate.

General Count Georg Leo Von Caprivi de Capura de Monte-Cuccoli succeeded Prince Bismarck as chancellor of the German empire shortly after the latter's retirement in March, 1890. He was born at Charlottenburg in 1831, being the son of a high legal functionary in the service of Prussia. He has served his country with distinction in both the army and navy, as well as in civil life.

NO COMPULSORY ASSESSMENTS.

Civil Service Commission So Reports on Philadelphia's Postoffice.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The civil service commission has issued a report on the charges made of political assessments of federal employees in Philadelphia. The commission finds after investigation "that there has been very little attempt at assessment in either the postoffice or customhouse, so far as the classified service is concerned, the very great majority of the clerks, carriers, etc., being left free to contribute to either party as they wished. In the mint the vast majority of the employees were men appointed for political reasons from the ranks of the dominant party. These people have received circulars asking them to contribute, and again reminding them of their failure to contribute if they did not do so on the first request. Apparently there was no violation of the law committed in the way these circulars were sent, and there was certainly no duress exercised by the head of the mint or his subordinates to make them contribute."

The report concludes: "Until officers like the mint are classified they cannot be taken out of politics, and until they are taken out of politics they will always be good fields for the operation of the collector of political assessments."

Imprisoned Miners Alive.

IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., Oct. 27.—The only fact established at this hour is that a number of the men imprisoned at the Pexico mine are alive. Communications were established by means of hammering on rocks. The men are well supplied with air. Superintendent Brown is certain that at least eight of the men have escaped unhurt, but fears there may have been some caught under the falling walls, and crushed to death. Around the shaft are gathered large crowds of relatives, including wives of the imprisoned miners, and the uncertainty of the fate of loved ones makes the scene a particularly heart-rending one.

General Booth's Campaign Begun.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—General Booth, the founder of the Salvation Army, started today on his tour, which will embrace the principal places between here and Seattle, Wash., at which place he hopes to arrive on Dec. 31. At the Philadelphia meeting John W. Wainwright will preside. Justice Strong is expected to act in a like capacity at the Washington meeting, on Nov. 5. At Baltimore, on Nov. 6, the mayor will introduce the general, and all along the route governors, mayors and men in high standing have consented to take part in the meetings.

To Lay a Pacific Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27.—Sanford Fleming, commissioner from the Canadian government to Hawaii, in the interest of the proposed Canadian-Australian cable, arrived here on the steamer Albatross. In an interview Mr. Fleming declared that there was nothing secret about their mission. The governments of Canada and Australia, he said, have resolved to lay a Pacific cable. There are a number of islands in possession of Great Britain between Australia and Canada across which the cable might be stretched.

Fifteen Rounds to a Draw.

BUFFALO, Oct. 27.—Solly Smith and Johnnie Van Heest fought a fifteen round draw before 1,000 people at the rooms of the Buffalo Athletic club last night. Billy Madden managed the affair. Yank Sullivan of Syracuse, refereed the bout, and Tom Eck was timekeeper. The fighting in the first five rounds was fast and furious. If anything Van Heest had a shade the better of it. Smith got first blood. Towards the end it was evident that the fighters were afraid of one another. The fighters will divide \$1,200.

Common Sense.

Should be used in attempting to cure that very disagreeable disease, catarrh. As catarrh originates in impurities in the blood, local applications can do no permanent good. The common sense method of treatment is to purify the blood, and for this purpose there is no preparation superior to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills cure constipation by restoring peristaltic action to the alimentary canal.

Women say that a meal tastes better when prepared by some one else, and that is just the reason why Simmons Liver Regulator is in such favor. It is already prepared in liquid and powder form. You don't need to make a tea. Another reason for this favor is that Simmons Regulator is better than Pills for Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation and Indigestion. Sample package powder, 25 cents.

SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS ROBBED.

Mysterious Disappearance of Money from the Strong Boxes at Omaha.

OMAHA, Oct. 27.—The fact was made public last evening that the safety deposit vaults of the Omaha National bank had been robbed, and in so dexterous a manner that no clue to the manner in which the work was done is obtainable. Large sums of money have been taken from boxes in the vault, and the exact amount of the losses cannot be known until all have been examined. The discovery was made more than two weeks ago and every precaution has been taken by the bank officials to keep the matter a close secret.

The principal loser is William Gladish. Last March he placed in his box \$2,700 in gold. On Oct. 5 he discovered that about \$1,200 of the amount was missing. He at once notified President Millard of the bank, and the investigation commenced. So far, however, all efforts to discover the manner in which the money was lost have failed.

The vaults are under the management of a lady who is in every way fitted for the responsibility of the position she holds. No shadow of suspicion exists that the losses have occurred through her knowledge or connivance. The safety vaults are modeled after the latest system in the country and the private boxes are surrounded with every safeguard. The bank officials or detectives offer no explanation other than to declare it is not due to the carelessness of the bank employees. All deposits are guaranteed by the bank.

Trade Paralyzed by a Strike.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 27.—The screwmen inaugurated a strike on the river front yesterday. The trouble grows out of the recent difficulties between the white and black. Trouble has been brewing between them for some time, and the appearance at the front of firms of negro stevedores hiring negro screwmen has served to accentuate it. A fortnight since the white screwmen held a meeting and decided not to work any longer for ship agents or other employers of negro labor. The result was that many of the negroes were knocked off. Yesterday every ship loading in the port was stopped and all hands laid off. The trade of the port is for the time being practically paralyzed.

Fall River Weavers Still on Strike.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 27.—Messrs. Walcott and Barry, of the state board of arbitration, held a consultation with the weavers' committee, but nothing was accomplished toward ending the strike, although it was explained to the strikers that the margin at which the old wages was to be restored after sixty days was eighty-five cents. The manufacturers are of the opinion that the weavers will return to work next Monday, as they now know that they can hope for no concessions. The union will discuss the situation at a meeting this evening.

Tonghaks Harassing the Japs.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 27.—It is reported here that Tonghaks are causing much trouble to the Japanese in Corea, especially in Conchun, Chunchow and Chien. The Tonghaks are said to be disposed to march upon Seoul. Some Korean troops and Japanese gendarmes were sent to quell a disturbance caused by the Tonghaks, and, according to report from a Japanese source, the ringleader and ninety-one rebels were captured and one of the leaders and 130 rebels were killed in a conflict which took place on Oct. 5.

Constable McLendon's Defense.

DARLINGTON, S. C., Oct. 27.—The trial of McLendon for murder, resulting from the operations of the dispensary law, was continued, the defense presenting their case. McLendon gave his testimony, and Mayor Dargen was also on the stand. The case will, it is expected, go to the jury this evening. The charges preferred against W. J. Skinner, his son and Sheriff Scarborough for effecting McLendon's escape from jail immediately after the murder were dismissed by the grand jury.

Princess Alix to be Married on Monday.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 27.—It is understood that Professor Grube has refused to operate upon the czar, not desiring to assume the responsibility of so doing. The crown jewels are being forwarded to Livadia from Moscow in order to be used at the marriage of the czarowitz to Princess Alix of Hesse-Darmstadt, which ceremony has been fixed to take place on Monday next, although this date is subject to alteration in the event of unforeseen contingencies.

Washington's Smallpox Scare.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Owing to the smallpox scare the interior department was closed down yesterday. Those who have been particularly exposed to infection by contact with the people of the afflicted law division have been granted leave of twelve days. The department will be opened on Monday, but no clerk will be admitted who has not been vaccinated, and meanwhile the building will be fumigated.

Relief in One Day.

SOUTH AMERICAN NERVOUS RELIEVES the worst cases of Nervous Prostration, Nervousness and Nervous Dyspepsia in a single day. No such relief and blessing has ever come to the invalids of this country. Its powers to cure the stomach are wonderful in the extreme. It always cures; it cannot fail. It radically cures all weaknesses of the stomach and never disappoints. Its effects are marvelous and surprising. It gladdens the hearts of the suffering and brings immediate relief. It is a luxury to take and always safe. Trial bottles 15 cents. Sold by J. E. Mills, Druggist, Middletown, N. Y.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia; radical cures in one to three days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause, and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose grants benefit. Seventy-five cents. Sold by J. E. Mills, druggist, Middletown.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

Political Excitement Causes a Natural Slackening.

BUT INDICATIONS ARE FAVORABLE.

Prices of Farm Products, However, Do Not Improve Much, and There Are Still Some Strikes to Resist Reductions in Wages—Fewer Business Failures.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Engrossing political excitement in many of the states causes a natural slackening in some kinds of business. But on the whole business indications are rather more favorable than they were a week ago. Gold exports have ceased, quite a number of mills have gone into operation and the demand for products, if not equal to that of prosperous years, is better than it has been most of the time this year. The prices of farm products do not improve much, and there are still some strikes to resist reduction of wages, so that the purchasing power of the people cannot have materially increased, but there is a more hopeful spirit which prompts greater activity. On the other hand the record of past transactions is somewhat less favorable than of late. Payments through the principal clearing houses throughout the country show a decrease of 1.2 per cent. compared with last year, and a decrease of 2.9 per cent. compared with the same week in 1893, the decrease for four weeks being 29.8 per cent. Cotton has sold at 5.81 cents for middling uplands, and the large receipts at such low prices indicate clearly that the crop will at least be close to the largest, if not the largest, ever produced. The anticipated settlement of difficulties at Fall River has not been realized, and at present a good many spindles and looms are idle. But strikes are temporary; a more lasting influence is the large accumulation of cotton in the world's markets, the stock of American in sight now exceeding 2,000,000 bales. It is interesting that in spite of the low price of the southern crop manufacturers and wholesale dealers report rather more improvement in trade with the south than with any other section. The wheat market is a quarter lower, and nothing appears to justify any important change. In iron and steel the west shows weakness, while eastern markets show more encouragement. Nothing of consequence is doing in rails, the deliveries for the year to Oct. 1 being only 59,000 tons, much below ordinary requirements for renewals alone. In structural work some moderate contracts are reported, but bar iron is extremely dull, and it is stated that the low prices reported last week, 95 cents for iron and \$1 for steel, have been shaded in some transactions.

The failures for the week were 331 in the United States, against 352 for the same week last year, and fifty-two in Canada against forty-four last year. Breadstuffs and wheat: Merchants interviewed in various portions of the country report in some instances the condition of business as not having realized anticipations, and at other points that the recent bright outlook for trade is modified. Such advice is based in part on the practical conclusion of the fall trade and delays in demand for holiday goods. Dealers in dry goods, clothing, groceries, shoes, hats and a few other lines have had relatively the more satisfactory volume of business, although in many instances fault has been found with the totals shipped. General trade continues checked throughout some portions of the regions supplied by Kansas City, St. Louis, Omaha, Minneapolis and St. Paul, due to unseasonably warm weather. At the south low prices for cotton continue to affect business unfavorably, many larger merchants being more cautious as to granting credits to interior merchants. Throughout a large portion of the region between Ohio and the northwest interior jobbers will continue to carry small stocks throughout the winter. Eastern dry goods jobbers report only low cost goods moving with any freedom, and the outlook for a settlement of the Fall River strike less favorable.

Lost with All on Board.

LONDON, Oct. 27.—A German bark that has arrived at Cardiff reports that during the storm on Friday she saw an unknown steamer, apparently of about 2,000 tons and a founder near Ilfracombe, Devonshire. All hands on board the steamer were down with her. The bark saw the disaster too late to render any assistance.

To Test Woman Suffrage in Indiana.

ANDERSON, Ind., Oct. 27.—Two hundred and fifty members of the Woman's Christian Temperance union passed resolutions to go to the polls in November and attempt to vote, in order to aid in testing the constitutionality of Indiana's state law.

The Robinsons Plead Not Guilty.

BUFFALO, Oct. 27.—Clarence and Sadie Robinson, the alleged murderers of Mont gomery Gibbs, were arraigned in court yesterday, pleaded not guilty and assigned counsel.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was taken down with pneumonia, succeeding la grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption, and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at McMonagle and Rogers' Drug Store, Regular size 50c, and \$1.00.

For dyspepsia try McMonagle & Rogers' Pepsin Essence.

SHEEHAN AGAIN ON THE STAND.

The Police Commissioner Refuses to Answer Many Questions.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—Police Commissioner Sheehan was the target again yesterday for Mr. Goff's rapid fire questions, if not sensational, the evidence was decidedly interesting. Mr. Sheehan was accompanied to the court room by his brother, Lieutenant Governor Sheehan, who remained an interested spectator of the proceedings.

Under the long and protracted cross-examination which followed the commissioner several times flatly refused to answer questions, on the ground that they had no bearing on the police, the legitimate work of the committee.

After the subject of Long Island City contracts had been thoroughly gone over by Mr. Goff, resulting in nothing directly implicating Mr. Sheehan, but showing a good deal by inference, a jump was taken to New York. The question of pool rooms came up, and Mr. Sheehan testified that he had investigated those institutions by asking several pool room keepers if they paid money for police protection, but they had answered "no." Mr. Goff then asked him if he expected a criminal to come and convict himself. To this Mr. Sheehan did not reply. Mr. Sheehan was still on the stand when adjournment was taken.

The President's Legal Residence.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—No authoritative information can be obtained here respecting the direct question as to the president's purpose to write or not to write a letter announcing his desire that all Democrats should earnestly support the Democratic state ticket in New York. Nevertheless it is the opinion of many of his friends in the New York campaign. One of the president's closest friends made the statement today that Mr. Cleveland could not lawfully register or vote in New York. Mr. Cleveland himself, it is understood, has said that his legal residence was in Washington. It can be stated further that at the expiration of Mr. Cleveland's presidential term he will not again take up his residence in New York.

Samoa Rebels Still Defiant.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 27.—Admiral received from Samoa by the steamer Albatross report matters quiet there. There have been no recent conflicts between the rival native bands. All the warriors are still under arms, however, and the people of Apia are prepared for an outbreak to occur at any time. The Samoan land commission, which had prepared to hold sittings in the district of Atua to dispose of cases there, were notified by the heads of the rebel party that they would not be allowed to do so. The latest sent was a most impertinent one. It is expected that the commission will now proceed to Atua on one of the warships.

Burglars Wreck a Bank.

OMAHA, Oct. 27.—A special from Malvern says: The Farmers' and Mechanics' bank was visited by burglars during the night, and it is supposed that \$2,000 in cash was stolen. Nitro-glycerine was used in opening the vault. The thieves were evidently men who did not thoroughly understand the terrific effects of its use, for the building was practically blown to pieces and the money and other contents went crashing into the street. The explosion aroused the whole neighborhood, and the thieves' last minute scattered over the floor in their haste to get away.

A New Whisky Trust.

TRENTON, Oct. 27.—Papers were filed in the secretary of state's office yesterday which indicate the formation of a new whisky trust. The papers comprise the articles of incorporation of a concern to be known as the Great White Spirit company, with a paid up capital of \$5,000,000, the total authorized capital being limited by the charter to \$50,000,000. The principal office and place of business of the company outside of the state of New Jersey will be Boston, Mass., but it will carry on business in various other states and territories of the United States.

The Coal War On.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 27.—The coal war in this section is on, and every mine will be worked to its fullest capacity. The supply of empty cars alone will limit production, as few of the collieries have facilities for storing coal. Great quantities of coal are now moving both north and west. The impression here is that rates cannot be maintained, that the war will be short and sharp, and that the coal combination will soon reassert itself.

Miss Hensinger May Remain.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Last evening telegrams were sent to the immigration inspector at Chicago and to Dr. Senner, the commissioner of immigration at New York, stating that in view of the peculiar circumstances surrounding the case of Louise Hensinger the secretary directs that on the payment of all expenses at Ellis Island the bond in her case will be accepted when approved.

"There is Danger in Delay."

Since 1861 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone. —W. J. Hitchcock, late Major U. S. Vol. and A. G. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y. Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results. —Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio. Price of Cream Balm is 50 cents.

Testimony of a Nurse and Midwife.

PAYLOR, N. Y., May 21, 1885.—"I have had great experience as a nurse and midwife for the last five or six years, and I have never found anything so good as Gilmore's Aromatic Wine; have found it excellent for young ladies arriving at maturity, and also for ladies in the decline or change of life. I recommend it to the afflicted."

Mrs. AMELIA FLOYD.

THE BIG PRAIRIE FIRES.

Still Devastating a Large Stretch of Territory.

A HUNDRED MILES BURNED OVER.

While the Path of the Flames Is Forty Miles Wide—Many Ranches Destroyed and Thousands of Cattle Perish—People Fleeing for Their Lives.

GORDON, Neb., Oct. 27.—The prairie fires now sweeping over the sand hills in this vicinity are doing immense damage. The flames are traveling with almost lightning rapidity and are consuming everything in their track. Thursday night the fire was driven by the wind through the central portion of Sheridan and Cherry counties. In the track of the flames were the big Osborne and Spade ranches and a number of smaller ones. Not a vestige of these ranches now remain.

The fire broke out last Monday in the south sand hills, about fifty miles south of this place, and has burned already over a strip of country 100 miles in length by forty miles in width. The fire is burning in an easterly direction. The flames burned all the range clean on the Spade ranch, belonging to Richards and Cairnes, and about 3,000 tons of hay, leaving about 1,000 tons. This ranch has 7,000 head of cattle and 175 head of horses, and it will necessitate the moving of the herd and outfit up the White river in South Dakota.

The next ranch to burn was Stanbros Bros., who lost all the hay and all of their range. This ranch has 1,200 head of cattle. The next was Len Osborn's ranch, burning all his range and hay and his barn and outbuildings. The next was Miner's ranch, burning 300 tons of hay. The next ranch to go was Woodruff's, burning 400 tons of hay and all his range sheds. Mr. Baugh lost 500 tons of hay. The next was Mason's, burning him out of about 1,000 tons of hay. Davis lost 1,200 tons of hay. This is as far as the flames have gone. There are a number of small ranches burned. The loss from this fire at present will run up into the millions.

The fire is reported to have reached Pullman, and the whole country in that neighborhood is a raging furnace.

It is not known whether any lives were lost yesterday, but thousands of head of cattle have perished. People in the track of the fire are fleeing for their lives, leaving all their property to the mercy of the flames.

The President's "Superior Officer."

ELKTON, Md., Oct. 27.—Thursday evening a crank giving his name as Charles D. Walters, of Atlantic City, arrived in Elkton on the Colonial express, the same train to which President Cleveland's special car was attached. Walters, who is a tall and slender man, wears a navy blue military coat, heavily braided, and an army officer's cap. He says he has been proclaimed major general of the army, admiral of the navy and a superior officer over President Cleveland. He says he is going to Washington to assume his position and draw his pay. The man did not know of the president being on the train Thursday night, but expects to see him at the capital.

Narrowly-Escaped Lynching.

PADUCAH, Ky., Oct. 27.—William Green, the merchant charged with raping the 9-year old daughter of Mayor Greenberg Monday last, was held to answer before the grand jury. His preliminary hearing was concluded yesterday, and there is much excitement. The mother of the victim attempted to shoot Green on the street while he was being taken to jail. A mob gathered, but the prisoner was landed in jail in time to prevent lynching. Green is 38 years of age and a prominent member of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. He is the father of seventeen children.

A Female Desperado.

TABLEAUH, I. T., Oct. 27.—A courier has just arrived with the information that Sheriff Proctor and a posse of Cherokees are hot on the trail of Cook and his gang of robbers, being only half an hour behind them. Thursday night Louisa A. Cook, a sister of the leader, rode into Fort Gibson and terrorized the people of that place by shooting into houses and defying arrest. She filled the depot full of lead from her pistol. After driving the frightened citizens off the street she galloped through a squad of deputy marshals and out of town in true bandit queen style.

French Anarchists Again Threatening.

PARIS, Oct. 27.—The Matin states that information was recently received at the prefecture of police that anarchists are preparing for a French outrage. It is said that three men have resolved to come to Paris from three points, Poissy, Lille and Lyons, for the purpose of blowing up the chamber of deputies. The Palais Bourbon is watched by the police with redoubled vigilance, and strict surveillance is exercised over all anarchists and suspected persons.

For Over Fifty Years.

Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children's teething. It is broken up at night and broken up with pain of cutting teeth and crying with pain of cutting teeth and once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children's Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children's teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

—Do you travel? Are you a shipper? The "Rand-McNally Railway Guide and Handbook" contains all pertinent information. Ask your newsdealer. 33d St. Sep 17 '95

For dyspepsia try McMonagle & Rogers' Pepsin Essence.

Paint the best is the cheapest. Don't be misled by trying what is said to be "just as good," but when you paint insist upon having a genuine brand of

Strictly Pure White Lead

It costs no more per gallon than cheap paints, and lasts many times as long.

Look out for the brands of White Lead offered you; any of the following are sure:

"Atlantic," "Jewett," "Brooklyn."

FOR COLORS.—National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors.

These colors are sold in one-pound cans, each can being sufficient to tint 25 pounds of strictly Pure White Lead. The desired shade, they are in no sense ready-mixed paints, but a combination of perfectly pure colors in the handiest form to tint strictly Pure White Lead.

A good many thousands of dollars have been saved property-owners by having our book on painting and color-card. Send us a postal card and get both free.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., New York.

Vacuum Leather Oil

keeps boots, shoes, and harness soft, tough, new-looking, and long-lasting. Keeps the water out of them also.

25c. worth is a fair trial—and your money back if you want it—a swab with each can.

For pamphlet, free, "HOW TO TAKE CARE OF LEATHER," send to:

VACUUM OIL CO., Rochester, N. Y.

MY DAILY SALES,

which are increasing rapidly and steadily, show that my customers are pleased with the values they get at

The South Side Store.

A good line of Hosiery and Notions.

J. E. CAMPBELL.

GOOD BREAD, BETTER BREAD, BEST BREAD.

While spring wheat flour is good, the best bread is made from Winter Wheat Flour, of which the "A. No. 1 Patent" occupies front rank.

Two Loaves of Bread Made From This Flour Will Go as Far as Three Loaves Made From Spring Wheat Flour.

Call and buy a 1/2 barrel sack for 85 cents.

I. B. A. TAYLOR & CO., CORNER MILL AND MAIN STREETS.

TO THE PUBLIC,

Don't Delay.

This is the last opportunity you will have to get Datsy Roller Mill and Vienna Best Patent Flour at

\$4.00 in Wood, \$3.80 in Half Bbl. Sacks

also a large quantity of

NEWBURGH SUGAR CURED HAMS at 14c.

Sales at these prices will end Saturday night, as we will return to our old quarters, 72 North Street, Monday, Sept. 30. Terms cash.

RITTER & BEYER, NORTH STREET, CORNER DEPOT ST.

ALL FLOUR REDUCED.

\$3.00 Per Barrel

STRAIGHT WHITE WHEAT FLOUR.

\$3.75

AND

\$3.60

for Fancy DIAMOND MEDAL PATENT.

The flour was awarded first premium at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago.

G. N. PREDMORE & SON.

NEW TO-DAY.

400 splendid Orange Quinces, the best for canning; Nice Pears for canning, Splendid New Figs, New Raisins, Currants, Citron, strictly pure Maple Syrup, Friends Kiln Dried Steam Cooked White Oats, something new, and the best goods on the market to-day, at the

City Grocery

OF

BULL & YOUNGBLOOD,

37 North Street,

TELEPHONE CALL No. 55

A VIEW OF THE CONTEST

HILL RALLIES THE DEMOCRACY AROUND HIM.

THE YOUNG MEN ENTHUSED

Trade Organizations Recognize Hill—Services to the Workingmen—Veteran Soldiers Know That Hill Was Always One of Their Best Friends.

Napoleon went to Egypt. In his absence the Austrians overran Italy and threatened to invade France. His return sent a thrill of joy throughout the French republic. In the battle of Marengo he defeated the Austrian army and sent it whirling toward the Danube.

This aptly illustrates the present political situation in New York. David B. Hill went to the United States Senate. While he was fighting the battle of the people there, the Republicans overran the State of New York. The matchless political leader has returned from Egypt and a new Marengo is in sight; his acceptance of the nomination for Governor at the unanimous demand of a Democratic State convention has enthused the party from Montauk Point to Niagara and from Lake Champlain to Chautauque.

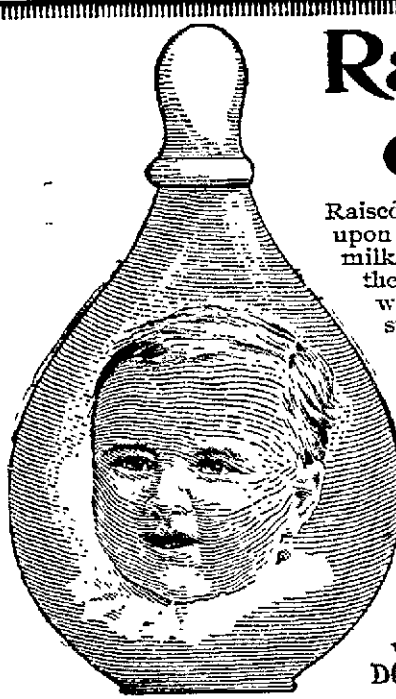
The young men are especially enthused. Never were so many of them out on the political war path. They are awake to the designs of the Republicans. They know, as Senator Hill has said, that the adoption by the people of the Republican amendment to the Constitution reappointing the State means Republican supremacy in the Legislature, despite the large Democratic majorities. For twenty years at least. While Connecticut Democrats are fighting and have been fighting against an unjust apportionment for years, the Republicans in New York are trying to put the same yokes upon the wrists of the people. In Connecticut, New Haven with a hundred thousand population, is allowed only two representatives in the Assembly. The town of Union, casting only 112 votes, is allowed the same number. It is under such an apportionment that the Republicans have robbed the Democracy of a Governor in that State and invariably select a Republican United States Senator despite any majority the Democrats may have in the State.

With the apportionment now proposed by the late Republican State Convention, New York will be placed in a similar position. The young men recognize the fact that every man's vote ought to count for as much as any other man's vote. In Belgium some persons cast three votes, others two, until the laborer is reached, when he is allowed only one. The apportionment in New York would place its citizens relatively in a similar position. A Republican vote would be worth more, politically speaking, than a Democratic vote. Senator Hill's denunciation of this Republican scheme is bearing good fruit. In New York and Brooklyn it will win him many a vote outside of party lines.

Another encouraging sign for a Democratic victory is the fact that business has revived; the prospects in the great cities and in the smaller towns are growing brighter. This is undoubtedly due to the settlement of the tariff question. All recognize the fact that the new bill ought to have a chance even Tom Reed asserted this in his speech at Cooper Institute. He foresaw that this renewal of business prosperity would entice to the benefit of the Democratic party and he promised that if the Republicans won they would not change the bill. The Democrats promptly repealed the purchasing clause of the Sherman act. The Republicans, by whose votes alone the bill was passed, voted with the Democrats for its repeal. Their votes showed that they believed the Sherman bill was a factor in creating the financial panic. It was owing to the opposition of Republican United States Senators that the passage of the new tariff bill was delayed; every Republican nerve in Congress was strained to prevent action upon both the Wilson and the Gorman bills. Matt Quay's vote alone defeated the free sugar clause. The bill as passed, reduces the profits of the Sugar Trust and has reduced the price of sugar. The free wool schedule, so ardently denounced by the Republicans, has increased the price of wool, while the swollen schedule, so carefully prepared in the new tariff bill, has decreased the price of clothing. All these facts are having their bearing upon the State canvass. This is especially the case in New York and Brooklyn where the people reap the benefits.

Business men are scanning the political situation very closely. They have long memories. They know that under Governor Hill's administration the State debt was practically wiped out and that business interests were taxed less than ever before. The veteran soldiers also have long memories. Governor Hill was always their friend. He frequently counseled Gen. Palmer when he was commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. The General is on record as having said that David B. Hill was always one of the best friends of the soldier. There is no ingratitude among the veterans. They discuss the situation among themselves and are falling into line rapidly.

The trades unions are by no means forgetful of the man who has always battled for the interests of working men. Whatever may be their course with regard to local nominations, the bulk of the members of trade organizations will stand by Senator Hill. "I believe in trade organizations," he said, in his speech before the Central Labor Union of Buffalo, on Labor Day, September 7, 1891. His political course bears out this avowal. In 1871 he made a speech in the Assembly advocating the bill for the abolishing of the contract system. While he was Governor all labor bills were promptly approved and none vetoed. He insisted upon the enforcement of the convict labor law. He advocated the Labor Commission and Arbitration. In his messages as well as in his speeches he has made powerful appeals on behalf of the workingman. He has denounced the conspiracy laws and advocated better laws for the collection



Raised on a Bottle.

Raised from infancy to healthy, happy childhood, upon the only perfect substitute for mother's milk—Mellin's Food. This food contains all the nutritive properties of breast milk, without any of the injurious farinaceous substances found in many other infants' foods.

Mellin's Food

will make the weakest infant robust and vigorous. Unequaled as a nourishment in Cholera Infantum, teething, and all baby complaints. Invaluable for invalids, convalescents, and the aged.

Our Book for the instruction of mothers "The Care and Feeding of Infants," will be mailed free to any address, upon request.

DOLIBER-GOODALE CO., Boston, Mass.

FOLLOW the CROWD!

The Public know when they see a bargain.

OUR MOTTOES--We Shall Never Be Undersold! Prices Lower Than the Lowest!

Our stock of Men's Suits is just immense. You will be surprised to see them at such low prices!

Just Received, 50 Men's 'All Wool Suits to Sell at \$5.00.

OUR STOCK OF OVERCOATS AND ULSTERS

Unsurpassed. Prices Range from \$3 to \$20.

Can suit you all. Our Boys' and Children's Department is stocked way up. Endless varieties at extraordinary low prices.

A SPECIAL BARGAIN.

100 dozen Men's Natural Wool Underwear at 50 cents. You must see it to believe it.

All the Latest Styles! Hats and Caps.

Complete Line Gents' Furnishings.

Gloves, Mittens, etc. All we ask is to give us a call, and see our goods and compare our prices with others. Then you will readily see that we will save you money.

CHAS. WOLFF & SON

The oldest established and most reliable clothiers in the city, 43 James street, Middletown, N. Y.

"A HAND SAW IS A GOOD THING, BUT NOT TO SHAVE WITH."

SAPOLIO

IS THE PROPER THING FOR HOUSE-CLEANING.

"THE BEST IS GOOD ENOUGH."

You get it in buying the

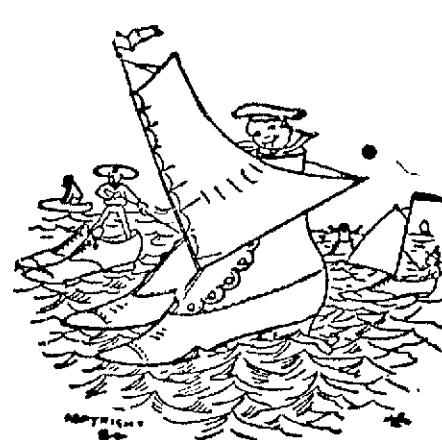
DOCKASH RANGE!

The Genuine and Only Dockash Range is manufactured by the Scranton Stove Works, Scranton, Pa., and sold by BRINK & CLARK,

28 NORTH AND 7 KING STS.

MIDDLETOWN

Beware of Imitations.



SCHOOL SHOES!

that will stand hard service, and be nice and comfortable, can be found in great variety

AT

J. G. HARDING'S,

25 West Main street,

Middletown, N. Y.

"It is Well Enough to Look Around,

and more satisfactory, perhaps," as a lady customer said in our presence, "yet I could have saved two or three hours' time by making my purchase the first time at your place." Well! We are willing to stake our reputation that there is not a CARPET HOUSE in the country that will offer, for the same amount of money, any part of their stock of Carpets, Linoleums, Oil Cloths, Art Squares, Mats, Mattings, Trunks, Window Shades, Traveling Bags, Felts, as you will find for the remainder of the year at

THE CARPET BAG FACTORY. MATTHEWS & CO

of laborers' wages. He appointed a practical locomotive engineer Railroad Commissioner of the State. He secured the passage of the Saturday half holiday bill, and in 1888 signed eleven bills passed at the instance of the State's Assembly. He favored compulsory arbitration in cases of disputes between corporations and labor and denounced the employment of Pinkerton detectives as odious to the people. No less than twenty-one organized labor unions, National, State and local, have thanked him for his efforts in their behalf. His record as a friend of the workingman is thoroughly consistent and without a tinge of demagoguery. The efforts of his opponent to secure the services of an English coachman, despite the immigration law, stand in strong contrast to Senator Hill's action. The bulk of the labor vote throughout the State is sure to be for Governor Hill. Added to this, his consistent course with regard to the excise law makes the assurance doubly strong that the Democratic candidate for Governor is standing upon a sure foundation.

Nor is Governor Hill the only candidate on the ticket who endorses members of trades unions. Daniel N. Lockwood, the candidate for Lieutenant Governor, has an equally strong labor record. This has been recognized in Buffalo by the majority of the men who are candidates for Congress. His action there has leveraged the whole State and made him acceptable to all workingmen without regard to party. It is a fight—a fight for principles and not for men. It is to be a hot fight. No quarter will be given nor asked. It is a fight that must be fought to a finish and the interests of the whole people, if not of the nation, are involved. New York and Brooklyn, despite all croakings, will do their duty, and if other sections of the State do as well, victory will perch upon the Democratic banner on election day.

AMOS J. CUMMINGS.

NO RELIGIOUS TEST.

The Democratic Party Stands for Religious as Well as Civil Liberty. Article VI. of the Constitution of the United States declares that "no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States." It would, therefore, seem plain enough that under any reasonable construction, the requiring that an aspirant to office should be of a certain religion, or should not be of a certain religion, would be imposing a religious test prohibited by the constitution. In the first amendment the separation of religion from civil affairs is further provided for in the declaration that "Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof." The assault upon these principles by a secer organization which has cropped out in various places, led to the adoption by the Democratic State convention at Saratoga of a resolution that "We denounce as contrary to the spirit of our institutions any display of religious intolerance in political discussions. We deplore any attempt to prescribe candidates for office on the ground of religious belief, by secret organizations or otherwise. The Democratic party, which has always stood for political and religious freedom, does not hesitate to condemn all efforts to create a distinction among citizens because of difference in faith, as unworthy of an enlightened age and abhorrent to the instincts of American freemen." No religious test will be tolerated or connived at by patriotic and intelligent Americans.

"The Democratic party stands in this State as it has ever stood, upon the platform of that religious liberty which is guaranteed by our constitution; and I arraign the Republican party for its covert sympathy with and encouragement of that proscriptive spirit which attempts to set up a religious test as a qualification for official preferment in the hands of the press, and which is propagated by a certain political organization, which deserves execration at the hands of every fair minded man, but which the Republican State convention distinctly refused to condemn, though earnestly urged to do so."—David B. Hill.

The Veteran Soldiers Grateful to Hill. Senator Hill's popularity among the veteran soldiers, says the Albany Times-Union, is attested by the fact which was stated by Capt. John Palmer, now the Republican Secretary of State, and formerly commander-in-chief of the Grand Army. In a speech reported in the New York Tribune of August 11, 1891, Capt. Palmer said: "I here desire to acknowledge publicly my obligation to Governor Hill for many generous favors extended to a veteran at my solicitation—both as a representative of the Board of Trustees of the New York State Soldiers' Home and in my representative capacity as a Grand Army man. In all my experience I have never found a man in the executive chair who was more ready to help the veteran than David B. Hill."

To maintain their old prestige, to retain their accustomed majorities, Democrats must, as ex-Secretary Whitney the other day conjured them to do—for the sake of party principle and party success—sink all private griefs, all personal differences and disappointments, all old grudges and resentments. After the two great victories of 1890 and 1892, which lifted the Democratic party once more into power and entrusted it with the responsibilities of government, it is the Democratic party itself which is on trial in this year's congressional elections. It is Mr. Cleveland's administration and policy which the Republicans are assailing.

Beyond all comparison the most important point to be defended, if Democracy is to be preserved, is here in New York, where David B. Hill holds the fort, not for his own sake, but for the sake of the whole party. There is no parallel in the history of American politics to the splendid courage and personal unselfishness which this leader of the New York Democracy is now exhibiting.

What a candidate for Governor is Mr. Morton! His managers dare not let the people see him. He hugs the fire at his castle on the Hudson and pays professionals to pull wires for him.

THERE IS DANGER for the young girl just entering womanhood. She is especially sensitive, and her nervous troubles, which continue through life, have their origin at this period. If there be pain, headache, and nervous disturbances, or irregularity of monthly functions, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription should be judiciously employed.

PIERCE'S CURE

ON THE MONEY IN RETURN. MISS MAMIE BURK, of Everett, Bedford Co., Penna., writes: "When I was fourteen years old I took a bad cold and it resulted in internal troubles. I was a great sufferer for four years. I had tried two Physicians but neither gave me any relief. After taking a box of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription I can say enough for it. It cured me so I have no more trouble. I am now nineteen years of age."

LOCATIONS OF FIRE ALARM BOXES.

For the information of our readers we publish below a complete list of the numbers and locations of all the fire alarm boxes in this city:

- 14—Wickham ave., Cor. Prince, O. & W. R. E.
- 15—North street and W. R. E. type shop.
- 16—High and Eastford streets, Erie crossing.
- 17—Railroad Ave. and Montgomery St.
- 18—Grand avenue and Prince street.
- 19—Wickham avenue, corner Liberty street.
- 20—West Main street, corner West street.
- 21—North street, corner Wickham avenue.
- 22—James and Eastford streets, Erie crossing.
- 23—North and John streets, Erie crossing.
- 24—Lake avenue and West street.
- 25—W. Main street, corner Monahan avenue.
- 26—State Hospital.
- 27—Prospect street and Highland avenue.
- 28—Fulton and Mill streets, hat shops.
- 29—High and Eastford streets, Erie crossing.
- 30—Canal street, condenser.
- 31—Mulberry and Fulton streets.
- 32—Fulton street and East avenue.
- 33—Academy and Houston avenues.
- 34—E. Main street, foot of Orchard street.
- 35—Academy avenue and Gannett street.
- 36—Myrtle and Prospect avenues.
- 37—Grant street and Sprague avenue.
- 38—Franklin Square.

MIDDLETOWN TIME CARD.

The following is the time of departure of passenger trains from Middletown stations beginning June 17th, '94, and continuing until further notice.

N. Y. & E. W. RAILROAD.

EAST BOUND.

- 70. Middletown Express..... 4:30 a. m.
- 71. Middletown Way, T..... 5:34 a. m.
- 72. Orange Co. G. M..... 7:10 a. m.
- 73. Middletown Express..... 7:12 a. m.
- 74. Middletown Way, T..... 7:12 a. m.
- 75. Middletown Express..... 7:12 a. m.
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WEST BOUND.

- 101. Middletown Express..... 7:47 a. m.
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N. Y. & E. W. RAILROAD.

NORTH BOUND.

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SOUTH BOUND.

- 201. Middletown Express..... 7:55 a. m.
- 202. Middletown Express..... 7:55 a. m.
- 203. Middletown Express..... 7:55 a. m.
- 204. Middletown Express..... 7:55 a. m.
- 205. Midd



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions of people, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50 cent bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

CASINO THEATRE

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

Thursday Ev'ng, Nov. 1st.

MAGNIFICENT SCENIC PRODUCTION.

A specialty force, having realistic and novel mechanical scenic effects, by FRANKS SEYMOUR, Esq., entitled

A Trip to the City.

Everything new—Printing, costumes, songs, dances, specialties, machinery and scenery, including two wonderful patented panoramic effects.

Miles of scenery—A pleasure launch sailing party on New York Bay, a bicycle race around Union Square.

Presented by a company of recognized artists.

Prices as usual.

CASINO THEATRE

ONE NIGHT.

Wednesday Ev'ng, Oct. 31st.

Engagement of the favorite German Comedian,

J. E. TOOLE,

AND HIS EXCELLENT COMPANY, IN

"KILLARNEY and THE RHINE!"

A Romantic Comedy Drama, in four acts, and strictly up to date.

Where the Casino Chart Can be Found
The chart for the advance sale of tickets for the Casino Theatre will hereafter be found at H. S. Dusenberry & Son's jewelry store, 4 North street.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES.

Notes of Sunday Services and Other Matters of Religious Interest.

—Old School Baptist Church.—Elder Benton Jenkins, pastor. Services to-morrow at 3 p. m.

—Bethel A. M. E. Church.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday School at 3 p. m.

—W. C. T. U.—The Sunday afternoon 3 o'clock service will be conducted by Mrs. Lucy A. McMullen.

—First Baptist Church.—Frank A. Heath, pastor. Bible School at 9:30 a. m.; worship, with sermon, at 11 o'clock; Juniors at 3 p. m.; Baptist Y. P. Union at 6:30 p. m.; conquest meeting; evening service at 7:30. Sermon to Eagle Hose Company. Our seats are all and always free. Everybody welcome.

—At the meeting for men at the Young Men's Christian Association, to-morrow, at 3 p. m., reports from the district convention will be given.

—Free Christian Church, Rev. C. M. Winchester, pastor.—Preaching at 7:30 p. m., subject—"It is better to be right than to be great; or fear not, little flock, for it is your Father's good pleasure to give you the kingdom." Sunday School and Bible class at 11 a. m. Welcome.

—First Congregational Church.—Rev. Wm. A. Robinson, D. D., pastor. Sunday School at 9:45 a. m.; morning service at 11 a. m.; Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m.; Young People's meeting (consecration service) at 6:30 p. m.; evening service, at 7:30 p. m. Subject of morning sermon, "What one man did." Subject of evening sermon, "Good company." A cordial welcome to all.

—Second Presbyterian Church, Rev. Chas. Beattie, D. D., pastor.—Preaching service at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Young people's meeting at 6:30 p. m.

—Faith Mission, 11 Mill street, Elder D. L. Conneling, pastor.—Sunday School at 2 p. m.; interesting gospel meetings at 3 and 7:30 p. m. Seats free.

—A. M. E. Zion Church.—Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by the pastor, Rev. P. M. Jackson. All are welcome.

—Deutsche Evangelisch Lutherische, St. Johannes, Gemeinde.—Service at 7:30 p. m., in the lecture room of the First Presbyterian Church. Sunday school at 2 p. m. Preaching by Rev. Dr. H. Katz.

—St. Paul's M. E. Church.—Sunday School, 9:30; Autumnal exercises, 11 a. m.; Junior League, 3 p. m.; Senior League, 6:30; preaching at 7:30 by the pastor.

—St. Joseph's Church.—Sunday, the feast of the holy apostles, Simon and Jude. High mass and sermon 11 a. m.

Rosary, vespers and benediction, 7:30 p. m. Reception of members of the Sacred Heart during vespers.

Wednesday, the Vigil of All Saints, will be a fast day of obligation. Confessions will be heard in the chapel at 7 p. m.

Thursday, the Feast of All Saints will be a holy day of obligation. Masses in the church at 5:30 a. m. and 9 a. m.

Friday, the Commemoration of All Souls. Low mass at 7 a. m., high mass 9 a. m.

The devotions of the Sacred Heart will be on Sunday at the first mass. Confessions will be heard on Saturday at 3 and 7 p. m.

—North Street Congregational Church.—Morning service at 10:30 a. m., preaching by the pastor, Rev. J. W. Norris; Sunday school immediately following Junior Endeavor at 3 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., at 6:30 p. m. Evening service including report from the State Convention of the Y. P. S. O. E. at 7:30. Seats free. Strangers welcome.

—Grace Episcopal Church, Rev. D. J. Evans, B. A., rector.—Twenty-third Sunday after Trinity. (St. Simon and St. Jude). Holy communion at 7:30 a. m.; Sunday school in the Assembly Room at 9:45 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m.; evening prayer and sermon at 7:30. Annual sermon to Waalkill Engine Company in the evening.

THE CORNER STONE OF A CATHOLIC CHURCH AT WALDEN TO BE LAID TO-MORROW.

The corner stone of the Church of the Most Precious Blood will be laid at Walden, to-morrow afternoon, at 4 o'clock, by Archbishop Corrigan. Rev. Father Meredith came to Walden in July 1893, and has already formed the nucleus of what will prove to be a strong congregation.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

COUPON.

"America's Greatest Men and Women."
Parts Nos. 1 to 16.
DAILY ARGUS.
Bring or forward this coupon, together with ten cents, to the Coupon Department of the Argus, and there will be delivered or mailed to you any one number of the series as above.

TEDIOUS SUFFERING FINDS RELIEF.

HARVERHILL, N. H.—Many physicians have pronounced as incurable, diseases of the skin and blood. Mrs. Hodsdon of this place abandoned the old school method and used Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy and was cured.

In October, 1890, and for a year after, Mrs. Hodsdon suffered from a diseased ankle bone. She had always been troubled with Salt Rheum which aggravated the diseased limb. Prescriptions and medicine of all sorts were used, but with no benefit. Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy was tried, and it drove the poison out of her blood, healed the ulcerous sores, and restored Mrs. Hodsdon to health and strength.

Favorite Remedy cleanses the blood, and strengthens the nerves. In cases of scrofula and salt rheum, it cures where all else fail.

OVER THE SHAWANGUNKS.

WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS IN SULLIVAN COUNTY ARE DOING.

All the News from All Parts of the County—Many Matters of Interest Condensed from our Sullivan Exchanges and Contributed by Wide-Awake Correspondents.

—The Register says that within ten days, sixteen marriages have taken place in this county.

—James Purcell's saloon, near Monticello, was broken into, Sunday night, and robbed of a quantity of liquor and cigars.

—Hon. W. L. Thornton, of Monticello, has been appointed Deputy Grand Sachem of the Order of Red Men, for the first district of Sullivan county.

—J. N. Hardenburgh, of Liberty, is preparing to enlarge his boarding house. He will put on a two story addition, 26x40 feet.

—Mrs. Caroline M., widow of the late Alexander Buchanan, died at her home, near Sackett Lake, Monday, aged nearly ninety years.

—Mr. and Mrs. R. Beebe, of near Monticello, celebrated their silver wedding, Oct. 19th. About seventy of their friends were present. They were the recipients of many presents.

—Charles Scheidell, proprietor of the Jeffersonville creamery, threatens legal proceedings to prevent the water company from taking water from a stream which supplies water to his creamery.

—Within the past two weeks, fifteen deer have been shot in the vicinity of Edseld and Black Lake.

—The Register notes that Peter B. Akins and Bruce Winner have formed a partnership for the practice of law. They will have offices at Livingston Manor and Liberty.

—The people of Jeffersonville have organized a company for supplying the village with water.

—A large number of hunters from New York are coming to Sullivan county, this fall, for a few days' sport at gunning. The baggage cars of the O. and W. nearly every day have from two to six dogs in them belonging to those going a hunting. It is said that hunting is better this fall than it has been in many years before.—Register.

Lucania Still the Ocean Queen.

NEW YORK, Oct. 27.—The Cunard line steamer Lucania, Captain Horatio McKay, arrived last evening from Liverpool, via Queenstown, having broken her previous and fastest passage on record by twenty-five minutes. She made the run from Queenstown in five days, seven hours and twenty-three minutes, covering a distance of 2,775 knots, at an average of 21.81 knots an hour.

Dropped Dead at the Table.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 27.—Judge William G. Brooks, one of the most eminent lawyers in the south, aged 80 years, dropped dead at the supper table in Birmingham, Ala., last night of heart disease. He was born in South Carolina, but removed to Alabama before the war and was for years on the bench. He was conspicuous in southern affairs, both before and after the war.

No Case Against Mrs. Kremen.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 27.—Mrs. Augusta Kremen, jointly indicted with her husband, Dr. John D. Kremen, who has just begun a ten years' sentence in the penitentiary for poisoning John Forre and forging his name to a will, was yesterday released from jail. The state has abandoned the case against her on the ground of no evidence.

Shocked the Chattanoogaans.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Oct. 27.—Paul Albert, of the Chattanooga Opera House, was arrested, charged with "publicly displaying indecent pictures." The police board prohibited the display on the bill boards of the lithograph of a girl in blue tights. Albert persisted and the arrest followed. The trial is set for Monday.

NUGGETS OF NEWS.

One of the large warehouses of William Deering's paper works at Chicago was burned yesterday. Loss \$100,000.

The trial of the members of the mob who lynched six negroes near Millington, Tenn., Aug. 31, has been set for Oct. 29.

On behalf of Steve O'Donnell, Champion Corbett accepts Peter Maher's challenge to fight O'Donnell for \$10,000 a side.

Tomorrow prison Sunday will be observed throughout the country under the auspices of the various prison associations.

James J. Wood, a poor carpenter, returned to Cleveland from Ireland with \$200,000, his share of the estate of his ancestors.

It is stated that the universities of Oxford and Cambridge will confer honorary degrees upon United States Ambassador Bayard on his return to London.

Negotiations for a line of steamers to run between Boston and Antwerp are in progress, and it is expected that definite results will be announced in a few days.

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the New York and Philadelphia Exchanges.

New York, Oct. 26.—The stock market was dull again today, the volume of business being lighter than on yesterday. The feature of the speculation was the continued weakness of the coal stocks, which were hammered down by the bears on offerings of short stock.

Closing bids:

Lehigh Valley.....	32 3/4	W. N. Y. & Pa.....	5 1/4
Pennsylvania.....	31 1/2	Del. & Hudson.....	12 1/2
Reading.....	10 3/4	St. Louis.....	10 3/4
St. Paul.....	10 3/4	West Shore.....	10 3/4
Lehigh Nav.....	51 3/4	N. Y. Central.....	98 1/4
N. Y. & N. E. pf. 31		Lake Erie & W.....	18 1/4
New Jersey Cen.....	10 3/4		

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 26.—Flour weak; winter super., \$2.22 1/2; do. extras, \$2.25 1/2; No. 2 winter family, \$2.40 1/2; Pennsylvania roller straight, \$2.50 1/2; western winter, clear, \$2.40 1/2; wheat firm, higher, with 54c. bid and 54 1/2c. asked for October. Corn nominal, with 55 1/2c. bid and 56c. asked for October. Oats dull, weak, with 34 1/2c. bid and 35c. asked for October. Beef quiet; family, \$10 1/2; extra mess, \$8 1/2; Pork dull; new mess, \$13.75 1/2; family, \$14.50; short clear, \$14. Lard lower; western steam, \$7.25; city, \$6.50 1/2; Butter quiet; western dairy, 15 1/2c.; do. creamery, 15 3/4c.; do. factory, 15 1/4c.; Eggs, 29c.; imitation creamery, 13 1/2c.; New York dairy, 13 1/2c.; do. creamery, 17 1/2c.; Pennsylvania creamery prints, extra, 24c.; do. choice, 23c.; do. fair to good, 20 1/2c.; prints jobbing at 25 1/2c. Cheese firm; New York large, 10 1/2c.; do. small, 9 1/2c.; part skims, 8 1/2c.; full skims, 8 1/2c.; Eggs quiet; New York and Pennsylvania, 20 1/2c.; Ice house, 15 1/2c.; western fresh, 17 1/2c.

Live Stock Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—Beefes fairly active and firm; native steers, fair to good, \$4.50 1/2; ordinary to medium, \$3.75 1/2; common, \$3.50; heifers, \$3.25 1/2; stags and cows, \$2.25 1/2; dry cows, \$2.25 1/2. Calves steady; poor to choice veals, \$5.75 1/2. Sheep steady; lambs higher; poor to prime sheep, \$1.25 1/2; inferior to good lambs, \$3.30 1/2; no prime or choice. Hogs weak.

EAST LIBERTY, Pa., Oct. 26.—Cattle steady and unchanged. Hogs run fair, but demand light and market dull, with prices fully 20 to 30 cents lower, owing to heavy receipts at other points; Philadelphia, \$4.75 1/2; best Yorkers and mixed, \$4.65 1/2; common to fair, \$4.50 1/2; pigs, \$4.25 1/2; good sows, \$3.50 1/2; stags and rough sows, \$2.50 1/2. Sheep unchanged; light receipts and light demand.

The Anti-Option Convention.

JACKSON, Miss., Oct. 27.—Governor Stone has addressed a letter to the governors of the cotton and grain growing states asking them to appointed two delegates from each congressional district and five from the state at large to the anti-option convention to be held at Vicksburg on the 20th. The governors, senators and congressmen from the several states are also extended a cordial invitation to be present.

Fatal Lamp Explosion.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Oct. 27.—A dwelling, the property of Robert Robinson, caught fire from the explosion of a lamp in the hands of the colored cook, Mary Hopkins. The dwelling and its contents, worth about \$5,000, were consumed, and the cook and her infant child received serious injuries from the flames. The woman died soon afterwards. Robinson and his family escaped without injury.

Knocked from a Train and Killed.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 27.—A special from Olyphant, a town in Lackawanna county, six miles from Scranton, says that Thomas Roche, of Hawley, Wayne county, was knocked from a freight car on the B. and H. road by a low bridge. He fell under the car, and was so badly mangled he died. He was on his way to Wilkes-Barre to take a position on the new Valley railroad.

A Cabinet Meeting.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Yesterday the president held his first cabinet meeting since the first week in September. All of the members were present except Secretary Morton, who is absent from Washington. Naturally, there had much business to lay before the president that had accumulated in his absence from Washington.

Died After His Arrest for Fighting.

ASHBY PARK, Oct. 27.—Larry Creighton, aged 29 years, was found dead in the Atlantic Highlands jail, where he was lodged on Wednesday night, charged with fighting. It is believed that the man's death resulted from injuries received during the fight.

The Amerer Attending to Business.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.—News has been received at Simla, dated Oct. 20, from Calcutta, saying that the Amerer of Afghanistan was attending to business as usual.

Suicide to Escape Prosecution.

COLUMBUS, Ind., Oct. 27.—Daniel McClintic, for four years past the trustee of Clifty township, and the defeated Democratic candidate for county auditor, committed suicide yesterday afternoon by taking poison at his home in Newbern. He is known to be \$4,000 or \$5,000 short in his township accounts, and to have forged a note for \$50 and one of \$25 a few days ago.

Riff Tribesman Defeated.

TANGER, Morocco, Oct. 27.—It is announced that Muley Aunin, who was ordered by the sultan to go to Melilla with a force of 700 infantry, 700 cavalry and four guns to mark out the Spanish and Moorish frontier, which has hitherto been prevented of accomplishment by the Riff tribesman, has inflicted a crushing defeat upon the rebels.

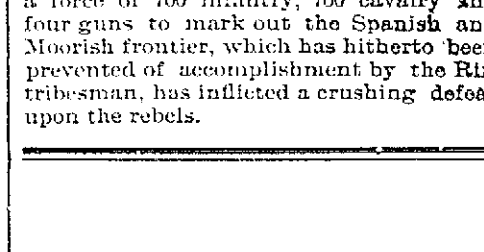
Signs of Health.

You don't have to look twice to detect them—bright eyes, bright color, bright smiles, bright in every action.

Disease is overcome only when weak tissue is replaced by the healthy kind. Scott's Emulsion of cod liver oil effects cure by building up sound flesh. It is agreeable to taste and easy of assimilation.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

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SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

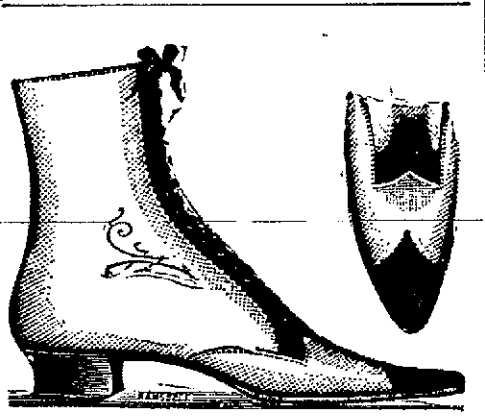
Better Than Pills

Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

The King of Liver Medicines.

"I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator and can conscientiously say it is the king of all liver medicines. I consider it a medicine suited to itself."—Geo. W. JACKSON, Tacoma, Washington.

"EVERY PACKAGE" Has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper.



CORRECT STYLES

In Ladies' Fine Shoes, for evening and street wear. Many new and pretty patterns in button and lace. Fancy Slippers, in colors, a specialty.

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C. D. HANFORD'S.

43 North St.

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to be durable, must be so compounded that it will stand exposure to all kinds of weather. Such is the

National Mixed Paint!

which, in my experience of about 19 years, confirms the belief that it is one of the best Mixed Paints manufactured, both in point of economy and durability.

J. ERSKINE MILLS,

DRUGGIST, NORTH STREET

TO LET.

Four pleasant rooms, first floor, No. 16 Grand Ave., one block from East Main street trolley line, rent \$5 per month; 6 desirable rooms 2d floor, within two minutes' walk of Franklin Square, rent \$14 per month. Barn on same premises 3 per month.

THEO. L. REEVE,

Real Estate and Insurance, 16 East Main street—Middletown, N. Y.

WANTED

Two thousand dollars. First mortgage, on fine farm property, near city.

FOR SALE

House and lot, No. 30 Roberts street. Splendid location.

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\$30 PER ACRE.

For Sale—A Good Grain and Dairy Farm of Nearly 300 Acres.

Well located near railroad station, about 1 miles from this city, large and excellent house, granary and wagon house, large barn, etc.; fine peach orchard, plenty of other fruit well watered, about 50 acres timber, balance available; good tenant. Price \$8,500, or less than \$40 per acre. Easy terms. A down right bargain.

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ECONOMY STORE.

We Under Buy and Under Sell on UNDERWEAR.

Economize at the ECONOMY STORE,

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Haskell's Dyspepsia Tablets

Are a certain cure for all forms of dyspepsia. Have never been known to fail. Pleasant to take and acceptable to the most delicate stomach. Distressed feeling after eating, flatulence, lump in the throat, sour or irritable stomach, sick headache, nausea, vomiting, ear sickness, sea sickness, liver troubles, dizziness, bad complexion, dysentery, offensive breath, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, sleeplessness, summer complaint, nervous exhaustion, late suppers, or over indulgence in stimulants perfectly cured by Haskell's Dyspepsia Tablets. The nutrition of the body depends not alone upon the food but its proper digestion. Haskell's Dyspepsia Tablets perform this work pleasantly, perfectly, harmlessly; they also act as a general tonic for the system. If you cannot get them at your druggist send 25c. direct to the proprietor and receive a bottle by return mail. Prepared only by

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BEST GRADES OF Flour, Grain Hay AND Mill Feeds.

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Successor to Geo. L. Everson.

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In making your selection, get something sensible and useful, and JACOB GROH, East Main street, next to the Congregational Church, has just exactly what you want. Patent rockers, handsome rockers, beautiful camp chairs, comfortable upholstered chairs, and all the useful and beautiful articles that go to make up the stock of a first class furniture store. All very cheap, as my expenses are but a fraction of North street dealers, and I give my customers the benefit. Remember the place.

JACOB GROH,

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MOXON'S LINIMENT

is used and recommended by the leading horsemen and trainers of the country. I have just received a fresh supply. Ask for a sample.

F. M. PRONK.

JAMES T. KING,

Druggist and Pharmacist.

CORNER MAIN AND SOUTH STS.

SURE DRUGS AND MEDICINES, OBTAINED AT LOW PRICES TO COMPOUNDING PRESCRIPTIONS.

OF REMEMBRANCE.

I do remember a note
And how sweet it felt that she wrote
From where, I don't know, but I know
That she was in a happy mood.
I do remember a note
And how sweet it felt that she wrote
From where, I don't know, but I know
That she was in a happy mood.
She sent me in a happy mood.
And sometimes, when my lonely soul
Is with in dark God's thunder roll,
I wonder—oh, how sweet it would be
If God's dark storms break over her.
And if they do, I know my breast
Would bear them all to give her rest.
But, no; the fragrant orange blossoms
Wait through her life their sweet perfume;
And the tall ships, with wind-blown sails,
Bring to her songs of nightingales.
Yet, do they still, where'er they be,
Sing to her on that last song of me!

—Exchange.

THE WHITE HORSE.

"This canyon ought to have a history, Pablo," I said to the guide as, supper finished, I leaned back on my blankets and dreamily gazed at the scene before us.

It was a summer night—a night in the southwest, where nights are perfect. The moon was at the full, and not a cloud was in the sky to obscure her radiance or the light of the myriad stars which bore her company. The air was cool and bracing, yet balmy, and there was just enough breeze to lull one's spirits and cause him to forget the world and indulge in fanciful reveries such as only southern breezes inspire.

We had pitched our camp on one of the sloping hills on the south side of the canyon, where a little stream of clear, sweet water rippled from a spring in a ravine down into the canyon below. Above us was the sighing, odoriferous forest of juniper and pinon. Below was a little stretch of velvet grass extending clear to the floor of the canyon on both sides of the little stream. Right and left stretched the canyon itself, its walls, precipitous for the most part, rising grandly hundreds of feet high on each side.

"It is beautiful, Pablo," I continued. "It must have a history of some kind or a story—no?"

"Si, senor, that it has—aye, that it has," answered the Mexican, lighting a fresh cigarette and puffing at it reflectively a moment. "Would the senor hear it?"

"By all means, Pablo. Go ahead," And here is Pablo's story as nearly as I can translate it, for he spoke in Spanish:

"Does the senor see the cliff on the other side, how high it is? That is the cliff of the White Horse. It is many hundred feet high and straight up and down. And at the top when the moon is a little higher the senor will see the white horse. It is a great white rock on the edge of the cliff, and by clear moonlight it looks like a white horse. It has not always been there, and now, they say, on the anniversaries of a certain day the ghosts of old Don Fernando comes and rides it along the edge of the canyon."

"Don Fernando? Oh, aye. May the blessed saints have mercy upon him!" ejaculated Pablo, crossing himself. "Many years ago Don Fernando Cortez—he was a grandson or something of the great Cortez—lived over above beyond the canyon several miles. Don Fernando was rich and lived in a grand house and had many servants and slaves. He was a great entertainer, was Don Fernando, and people used to come many miles—hundreds, thousands, yes—to his grand dinners and balls."

"He was not a good man. No. He was a cruel master and hard with all his people and made them all hate him. He was kind to only two living creatures. One of these was his beautiful daughter, the Lady Isabel; the other was his great white stallion, the largest and fleetest horse in all the country. These two the old don loved as his two eyes, and well he might. Yes. The Lady Isabel was not only beautiful, but she was kind and good, and all the people loved her as much as they hated the don, which was a great deal. She had golden hair and eyes like the sky, and it is said the birds listened when she sang. And the horse—aye, he was wonderful. He was as big as three ordinary horses, and his broad shook the ground. He had a long, white mane and eyes that flashed fire and was almost as much feared as the old don, who alone dared go near him."

"The Lady Isabel had many suitors. The wealthiest and most aristocratic men in all the country came to sue for her hand, many of them from far-off California, and some, it is said, came even from Spain. But the Lady Isabel would have none of them. She loved her pony and her dogs and birds and her people, but a man, no. One after another came, but she turned them all away. So after a few years the old don became tired of what he called her foolishness and swore she should marry, and at once, a man whom he had selected for her."

"This grieved the Lady Isabel very much, for not only did she not love any of those who had offered themselves to her, but her heart was already given—a young man named Jose, whom she had helped to nurse through a terrible illness. Him she used to meet by stealth nearly every night unknown to any but themselves. But one night when the Lady Isabel's wedding day was near at hand she and her lover were seen together, and the story came to the ears of the old don."

"He started to find them, swearing to kill them both, but they had been warned and had taken two of the fleetest horses in the stables and fled. With mad haste the don saddled his white stallion and pursued them. They had taken their way over the hills blindly, but some instinct led them to follow the direction they had taken, and in a short time he had them in sight riding over the plateau beyond the canyon there."

"When the lovers saw they were pursued, they put their jaded horses to their highest speed, hoping to escape,



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.
They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.
Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

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A day and a quarter at either hotel.

Including EVERY EXPENSE
of meals and berths en route, and a day and a quarter's board at the hotel.
This trip is an ideal one as a considerable portion of it is made through the quiet waters of the famous Hampton Roads and there is little likelihood of seasickness.
Excursion tickets to
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It Cures PILES or HEMORRHOIDS, External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding—Itching and Burning; Cracks or Fissures and Fistulas. Relief immediate—cure certain.
It Cures Burns, Scalds and Ulceration and Contraction from Burns. Relief instant.
It Cures TONSIL, Cut and Lacerated Wounds and Bruises.
It Cures Boils, Hot Tumors, Ulcers, Old Sores, Itching Eruptions, Scurfy or Scald Head. It is INFALLIBLE.
It Cures INFLAMMED or CAKED BREASTS and Sore Nipples. It is INVALUABLE.
It Cures SALT RHEUM, Tetters, Scurfy Eruptions, Chapped Hands, Fever Blisters, Sore Lips or Nostrils, Corns and Bunions, Sore and Chafed Feet, Stings of Insects.
Three Sizes, 25c., 50c. and \$1.00.
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WHOLESALE AND
Retail Lumber Dealer,
has superior facilities for furnishing
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MICHIGAN PINE LUMBER

of all grades, at bottom prices. A full assortment constantly on hand, also hemlock of all sizes, southern yellow pine, shingles, lath, moulding, etc. Windows, doors and sashes specialty. Building paper and roofing felt always on hand. Sole agent for the plate steel plate, galvanized and copper shingles, the best metal shingles in the market.
A Carload of Red Cedar Shingles just received from State of Washington.

C. R. FULLER,

Lumber Yard, corner Depot and Foundry Sts.



CASH PAID FOR

Dead and Worn Out Horses and Cows, and carted away at short notice. Address us by postal or telegraph at our cost.

MEYER & GARABRANT,
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but soon they found it was too late, and as the old don, with terrible curses, pressed them closely they leaped to the ground, ran to the edge of the cliff, and clasped in each other's arms sprang into eternity together.

"And the don?" For days he raved like a madman and seemed to know no one. Then he became quieter, and they thought he would be himself again. But one moonlight night they missed him, and several set out to seek him. He was riding up and down the edge of the cliff yonder, raving and blaspheming terribly, and none of those who had come to find him dared approach. For hours he raved. Then, just as the moon came from behind a cloud, they saw him ride back from the cliff a little distance. Then he wheeled sharply and shouting, "Now, my friend, both together!" he rode full speed at the precipice. But at the edge the white stallion halted suddenly, and the don went over alone. In midair he shook his fist and hurled a curse at the friend who had deserted him at the last minute, and then and there the great white stallion turned to stone. There he stands, senor—you can see him plainly now—still looking over the precipice. It is from him that the cliff and the canyon get their name.

"And it is said by the superstitious, senor," continued Pablo, drawing closer to the fire and shuddering slightly "that on the anniversary of old Don Fernando's death and on Lady Isabel's saint's day the ghosts of Lady Isabel and Jose ride forth on the plateau, and that of the old don pursues them riding the white stallion, which leaves its station at such times. And—oh, senor, for the love of God, look!"

Startled, I looked quickly across the canyon. The rock which appeared so very little like a white horse seemed to vanish as though in mist. Then there was a series of blood curdling shrieks and curses, and flying along the edge of the cliff rode three persons on horseback, and one, behind the others, rode a great white horse.

It was only a moment, and then the drunken cowboys passed out of sight, and the tiny flock of vapor which had for those few seconds kept the moonlight from the white horse rock moved on, leaving the rock standing out in the clear light, just as before. Still shivering with the sudden fright I had had, I turned to Pablo. He had fallen in a fit and was lying rigid, with flecks of foam on his lips. I brought him round soon, and he sat up, his eyes staring wildly.

"Well, Pablo," I said in a steady voice as I could command, "you must have had a dream. You've been plunging around and yelling for a full five minutes."

"What, senor, I? A dream? Then it was not!"

"I think it was the bread, Pablo. You ate a big supper, and that hot sour bread would kill an Indian."

Pablo concluded not to run away, as he might have done if I hadn't been able to convince him it was only a dream.—R. L. Ketchum in Romance.

Possibilities of the Indian.

The Indian has within him the capabilities upon which to base a better manhood and citizenship despite the barbarous instincts attributed to him. With no incentive to work and with encouragement to vice and idleness on every hand there was today upon the reservations many excellent and worthy Indian men and women. Though stolid and sphinxlike in demeanor, the Indian has the feeling, and affections common to human beings.

With no educational advantages they are men of remarkable sense, often approaching a high order of ability. The old chief of the Sioux nation, Spotted Tail, was a striking figure, whether taken physically or intellectually. The late Mrs. Elizabeth Wiggins, a Sioux woman, during a life of Christian service for her people was actuated by a purpose as pure and noble as that shown by any philanthropist of the country.

Among the Indians are fine natural orators and statesmen equaled by few educated white men. Under education they have shown themselves quick and ready learners, competing easily with white pupils of the same age. I have observed them at their studies and am convinced that they are as capable as white children of grasping the ordinary branches taught in the common schools. It has been my pleasure to hear ad dresses from full blooded Indian college students which would do credit to undergraduates of Yale or Harvard.—Senator Kyle in North American Review.

He Worked the Boss.

A little man with a bald head and an inoffensive blue eye drifted into a Main street saloon and threw a half dollar on the bar.

"Gimme a schooner of beer," he said. The schooner was given him. Just as he was about to drink it a big man came in and said: "Hello, Shorty. Who's buying?"

"I am," replied Shorty, with dignity. "You," scoffed the big man. "Why, you never had a cent in your life. Your wife gets your wages."

"That's all right," said Shorty. "Mebbe she does, but I've got money today."

"How'd you get it?"

"Well," replied Shorty, "I don't know as I mind tellin. I had a couple of bad teeth, an she gimme enough to get 'em pulled."

"Didn't you get 'em pulled?"

"Sure, but I worked her for 50 cents for gas, an this is the 50. See?"—Buffalo Express.

A Large Bakery.

Brooklyn can boast of having the largest bread bakery in the world. 50,000 thousand loaves are daily turned out, requiring 300 barrels of flour. Three hundred and fifty persons are employed in the bakery, and for delivering the bread in New York and adjacent places over 100 wagons, constructed for the purpose, are in constant use.—New York News.

COTTOLÉNE.

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"America's Greatest Men and Women."

MR. WILSON TALKS.

My Name is Wilson; I do an insurance business on LaSalle street, in Chicago Ill., and I live in Evanston, Ill. Evanston is what was originally a scattering population on a pretty point on Lake Michigan, esteemed years ago far from the city of Chicago, but now one of the varied towns which may go within it by vote of the population.

I am married and have a wife and one child. That child is a boy (I suppose I should feel the same solicitude if it was a girl), and I have a father's natural fascinations as to what must be the best thing to give that child the right kind of intelligence, and so divert his course that he may succeed in life. I have studied a great deal upon the subject. My own experience would not be of great value, because I have succeeded only to the limit of the average man and am barely established; still, I own the house and lot upon which I live, and am feeling perfectly safe in meeting the exigencies of the year. I want the boy to take a broader view than I did, to be a bigger man in the world. I have studied how to teach him to do that, and he has done pretty well, as far as the preliminaries go. Now, I have thought over what I should say to him and have sometimes been puzzled. I could not very well tell him what to do. I wanted to tell him what I needed but what I did not learn myself when I was of his age, and what my father did not know how to tell me, or else was not thoughtful enough to do so. I wanted to tell him how to follow the example of those who have succeeded at the present time and under the circumstances which ordinarily affect a young man struggling in this Republic established on this comparatively new world to-day. I wanted to tell him just what he had better do to get along well, and to point out to him what had been done by the people who were successful at the present time.

Of course, the record of the people of any time past would not be of so much value, because circumstances must necessarily have been different when they were alive. I feel confident, though, that if I could learn, some way and somehow, what the people who are so successful to-day have done and how they did it, I could give to my boy such advice as would make his own life at least as far removed from failure as is justified by the natural ability he may possess.

I looked around for some authority which I might consult in order to give him the facts most essential with this idea of mine in mind, but I could find none. I discovered that a great publishing firm in Chicago had decided to bring out a book giving the photographs of all the people who are prominent in America to-day. Here was what I wanted. The book, as I have learned, is going to be published in 11 parts, 16 pages to each, with a recent photograph on each page of some active leader of the American man or woman of to-day, while underneath appears the life of the same person's life—the story telling what that person did, and how the ends attained were eventually accomplished. Here was what I wanted; here was what I needed in various ways; here was what I was certainly seeking in order to obtain the information with which to educate my boy and secure for him that knowledge which will give him a source of thought and make him prominent in the world.

I have the first sheets of this work. It is a graphic story of America's Greatest Men and Women, told in each instance on a single page underneath a photograph of recent date, which conveys to the eye an idea of what that person is. To me the photograph tells even more than the suggestive record beneath; and yet it is only how in each instance the correct story corresponds with the expression upon the face which is reproduced in the portrait above. I do not know how the series will end. I know very little about this new feature of the newspaper people; I know nothing about the publishers and their expectations, but I do know this: that if the series so begun should be continued to its practical, ordinary good sense end—and I don't care whether it will include 200 or 700 of America's Greatest Men and Women, which is the title of the book—I do know this, that for the ordinary, active man or the politician or the statesman—for all these I will say it will be simply the most valuable and the most remarkable book produced in modern history. I wonder is that some one has not thought of it before. Yet no one seems to have done so since the days of Plutarch. Plutarch knew something. That shrewd fellow knew that all who would get out of the drift, all who would accomplish great things, wanted to know every detail of the lives of those who had better luck or more courage or a broader brain than their fellows; but I am no authority on these points. I only know that there is produced a second Plutarch's Lives, that biographies are shrewd, graphic and curt, and written without bias and without prejudice. I only know that there was a Plutarch—God bless the old fellow—and that there is this modern work.

This is the work I am going to give to my boy. I am going to make him read thoroughly. The work is announced as consisting of 16 Parts, with 16 pages and photographs in each part, and when bound, the whole series will make a great volume of 256 pages, the like of which has never been equalled. It is the story of the personal character of the men and women who are making the nation's history this particular time. What a work this is! Do you imagine that I would miss it if my boy, or, incidentally, for myself?

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